



## *1.8*

# *True coincidence summing corrections - Available software codes*

*Tim Vidmar*



*Jozef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia*



# General purpose packages

- ❑ Written for large experiments in particle physics, medical physics, shielding applications, criticality calculations, etc
  - Mostly require programming, quite complex to use
  - Track various kinds of particles
  - Perform full Monte Carlo calculations
  - Two approaches to calculation
    - ❑ Spectra with and without coincidence effects
    - ❑ Only efficiencies calculated – separate package for coincidence effects required
  - Can handle arbitrary geometries – unusual objects
  - Run times between minutes and hours
  - Various sources of decay data
  - Not all of them simulate nuclear decay by default



# General purpose packages

- ❑ MCNP – 40 years of development, no programming (input decks only), add-on for nuclear decay by A. Berlizov (MNCP-CP)
- ❑ GEANT3 - Fortran, geometry description in terms of volumes, no longer developed, decay add-on by Laedermann & Decombaz (Sch2for)
- ❑ GEANT4 – C++, general purpose, decay module included, developed at CERN, no input decks
- ❑ PENELOPE – Fortran,  $e^-$  and gamma, very precise interaction treatment, limited programming required, decay module under development
- ❑ EGS – Morfran, popular in medical community
- ❑ FLUKA – developed at CERN, Fortran, rather recent



# Specialized codes

- ❑ Specifically aimed at gamma-ray spectrometry
- ❑ No programming, user friendly interfaces
- ❑ Various approaches
  - Full Monte Carlo (spectra available)
  - Experimental efficiencies required
  - Semi-deterministic approach
- ❑ Much quicker than general packages
- ❑ Limited geometry
- ❑ Usually the latest DDEP data
- ❑ **Not (yet) integrated with major manufacturer's platforms**



# Specialized codes

- ❑ CORSUM – “grand daddy” of coincidence correction codes, tables of formulae available, X-rays also treated in later versions
- ❑ GESPECOR – developed in the 90’s, commercial, widely used, also by NMIs, constant improvements, all major detector and sample types covered, abundant references, full Monte Carlo
- ❑ ETNA – requires user input of total efficiencies, direct link to the DDEP database, Andreev formulae
- ❑ TrueCoin – developed for IAEA, treatment of X-rays
- ❑ CCCC – semi-deterministic, runs in Excel, no measured efficiencies required, limited to coaxial detectors and cylindrical samples
- ❑ Your own code (using KORDATEN)?
- ❑ **Collaboration with the activation analysis community**



# Major manufacturers

- ❑ **CANBERRA – ISOCS and LABSOCS**
  - All imaginable sample geometries and materials
  - Detector characterization required ...
  - ... or not?
  - Sufficient accuracy?
  - ENSDF data, X-ray effects included, validation study
- ❑ **ORTEC – part of GammaVision**
  - Based on the “third curve” of Blaauw
  - Calibration with a mixed sources required for each geometry



## The choice is yours ...

- Do I really need coincidence corrections?
- Am I willing to do some programming?
- Would I rather stick to major manufacturers' products?
- Do I work with an (semi)-automated analysis?
- Can I measure total efficiencies?
- How well do I know my detectors?
- Is there not a simple, tested, one-fit-all solution?**